

CAREERS360
PREPARATION Series

GSEB Class 10th

Social Science
Official Question Paper
2021

*This Question Paper contains 8 printed pages.
(Sections - A, B, C & D)*

Sl.No.

10 (E)

(MAY, 2021)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks :80

Instructions :

- 1) Write in a clear and legible handwriting.**
- 2) This question paper has four Sections A, B, C & D and Question Numbers from 1 to 52.**
- 3) All questions are compulsory. There are only internal options.**
- 4) The numbers to the right represent the marks of the question.**
- 5) Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.**
- 6) New sections should be written in a new page. Write the answers in numerical order.**
- 7) Question number 52 of section-D is of map filling. It is a compulsory question. only for the blind candidates separate question are given.**

SECTION -A

Answer the following objective questions as required. (1 mark each)

[24]

Match the following

[5]

(A)	(B)
1) Dwarkadish Temple	(A) Delhi
2) Inlay work	(B) Junagadh
3) Jari work	(C) Dwarka
4) Red Fort	(D) Bikaner
5) Adi-Kadi Step-well	(E) Surat
	(F) Patan

State whether the following statements are True or False:

6) In black soil when the moisture dries up, they develop fissures. [1]

7) Raja Krishnadevarai, the great king of Vijaynagar was Hindi and Sanskrit writer. [1]

8) Industries which use minerals as raw material are known as mineral based industries. [1]

9) Increase in population is not a main reason responsible for increasing unemployment in India. [1]

10) For security of women, 108 Abhayam women help line has been started. [1]

Answer the following questions briefly:-

11) Who was the great Sanskrit grammarian? [1]

12) What is Soil Erosion? [1]

13) In which regions of India desert soil is found? [1]

14) In which year, the public distribution system was implemented in India? [1]

Choose the correct option and fill in the blanks:-

15) _____ language is considered as the language of 'Aryan' or language of 'sages' or language of scholars. [1]
(Latin, Prakrit, Sanskrit)

16) The statue of Lord Buddha at Naland is _____ feet high. [1]
(24, 18, 7½)

17) For vegetarian people _____ is the main source of protein. [1]
(Pulses, Oilseeds, Beverages)

18) Nobel prize winner, the great economist of Indian origin _____ has given the concept of Human Development Index. [1]
(Ralph Nadar, Amartya Sen, Dr. Abdul Kalam)

19) _____ movement was started in India, for first time in 1967 in West Bengal. [1]
(consumer right, naxalite, U.L.F.A.)

Choose the correct alternative and write the answer:-

20) List of major fairs of Gujarat are given in the below table. Identify the fairs which are organized in the month of Falgun. [1]

S.No.	Name of Fair	Place of Fair
1.	Tarnetar fair	Tarnetar (Surendranagar)
2.	Bhadiyad fair	Bhadiyad (Ahmedabad)
3.	Naklang fair	Bhavnagar
4.	Madhavpur fair	Madhavpur (Porbandar)
5.	Vautha fair	Dholka (Ahmedabad)
6.	Miradatar fair	Unava (Unjha)
7.	Dang's Darbar fair	Ahwa (Dang)
8.	Gol Gadhera fair	Garhada (Dahod)
9.	Kartik Poornima fair	Somnath (Gir)
10.	Bhanguriya fair	Chhota Udaipur and Kwant

(A) Bhadiyad fair - Vautha fair - Madhavpur fair
(B) Gol Gadhera fair - Kartik Poornima fair - Bhanguriya fair
(C) Tarnetar fair - Naklang fair - Miradatar fair.
(D) Vautha fair - Madhavpur fair - Naklang fair

21) Identify the cave, on the basis of picture given below.

[1]



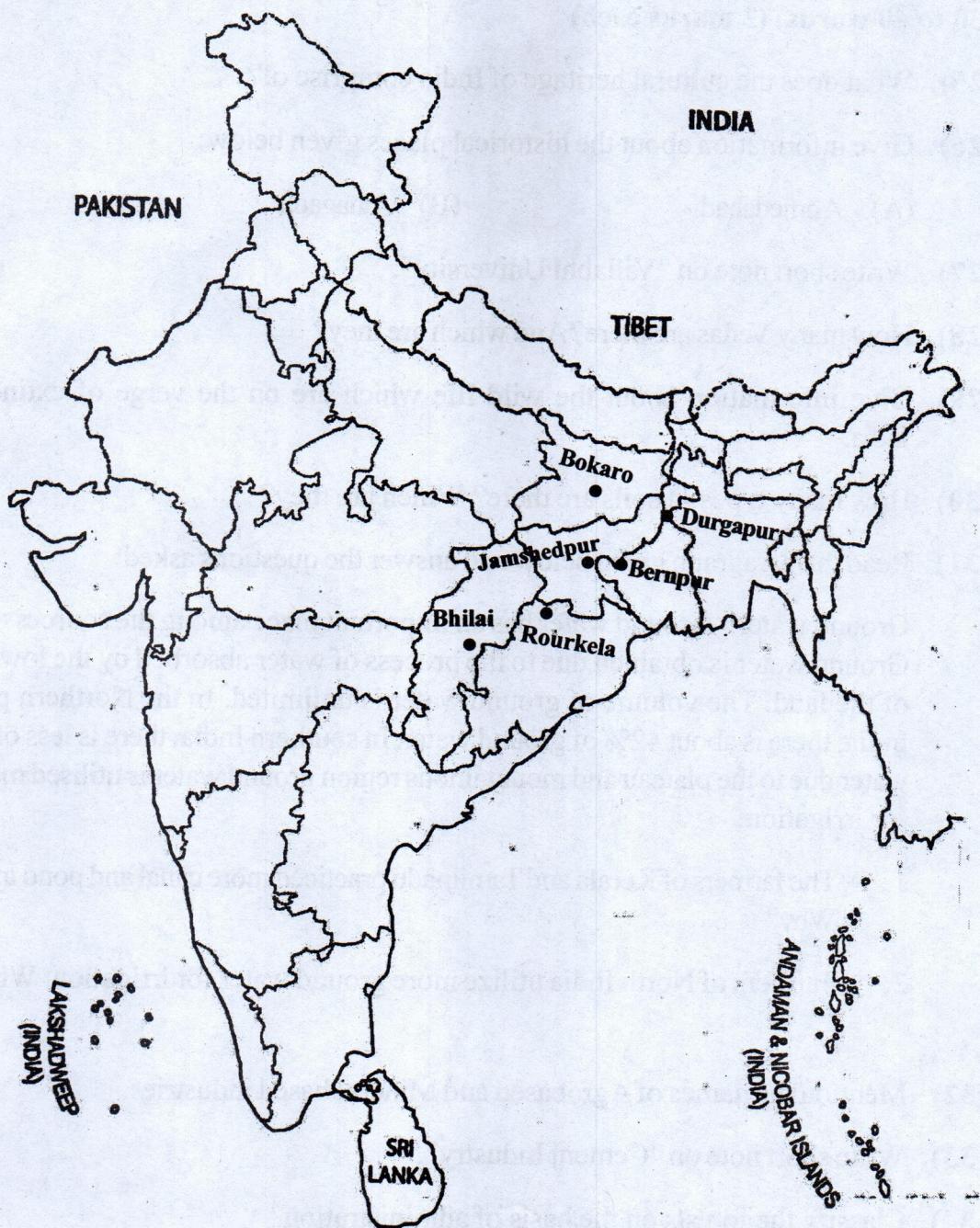
- (A) Ajanta cave
- (B) Ellora cave
- (C) Elephanta cave
- (D) Dhank cave

22) Cotton, Sugarcane, Jute, Tobacco and rubber are which type of crops?

[1]

- (A) Oil seeds crops
- (B) Hot Beverages
- (C) Cash crops
- (D) Condiments and spices

23) Identify the industry whose major centres are shown in the map of India given below. [1]



SECTION - B

Answer any 9 out of 12 questions given below as required:- (approximately 30 to 40 words) (2 marks each) [18]

Ground water:- Ground water has an important place among the sources of water. Ground water is obtained due to the process of water absorbed by the lower strata of the land. The volume of ground water is unlimited. In the Northern plains of India, there is about 42% of ground water. In southern India, there is less of ground water due to the plateau and mountainous region ground water is utilised maximum for irrigation.

1. The farmers of Kerala and Tamilnadu practiced more canal and pond irrigation. Why?
2. Farmers of North India utilize more ground water for irrigation. Why?

32) Mention the names of Agrobased and Mineral based industries. [2]

33) Write short note on “Cement Industry”. [2]

34) Classify the forests on the basis of administration. [2]

35) What are the common features of the people living below poverty line. [2]

36) Give information about: [2]

1. MPO	3. ECO
2. FPO	4. ISI

SECTION - C

Answer any six questions out of 9 questions given below: Write the answer pointwise in 60 words. (3 marks each) [18]

37) Give information about “Garba”, “Garbi” and “Rasa” of Gujarat. [3]

38) Read the given paragraph and answer the following questions:- [3]

There are a total of 29 caves in the shape of a horseshoe near the Sahyadri mountain range. These caves are divided into two divisions. 1) Caves based on wall paintings. 2) Caves based on sculpture.

Caves no. 1, 2, 10, 16 and 17 have excellent wall paintings. The theme of these wall paintings is related to buddhist religion. These caves are divided into two categories. They are Chaityas and viharas. Cave no. 9, 10, 19, 26 and 29 are Chaityas, whereas the remaining caves are viharas. These Caves are the magnificent example of initial buddhist art of Vastu, art of Paintings and sculpture. These caves are famous not only in India but also in world for their extra-ordinary rich art. The fine blending of wonderful art of painting, sculpture and architecture has earned pride for an Indian Art.

1) About which Cultural Heritage the informations are given above?

2) How many viharas are there?

3) Why are these caves included in world Heritage?

39) Write short note on “Taj Mahal”. [3]

40) What do you mean by multi-purpose project? Explain the importance of Multi-purpose projects. [3]

41) How many types of unemployment are there in Indian Economy? Explain any three. [3]

42) Which are the main reasons of poverty? [3]

43) Mention various schemes of Gujarat Government for providing equality to women. [3]

44) Which steps are taken to improve the health of the people of India. [3]

45) Give introduction about following wild animals: [3]

1) Red Panda

2) Ganges River Dolphin

3) One Horned Indian Rhino

SECTION - D

Answer any 4 out of 6 questions given below as required. (approximately 100 words). Question No. 52 is compulsory question. (4 marks each) [20]

46) Explain in detail about "Vastushastra". [4]

47) Discuss ancient India's contribution in medical science and surgery. [4]

48) Explain in detail about institutional reforms done in the field of Agriculture in India. [4]

49) State the favourable conditions for the growth of wheat crop. [4]

50) Discuss in detail, the reasons for price rise. [4]

51) Explain the difference between Rebellion and Terrorism. [4]

52) Show the following details with proper symbols at their proper places in the given outlined map of India. [4]

- 1) Alluvial soil region
- 2) Gir National park
- 3) Tea producing region
- 4) One centre of Cotton Textile with name

Only for the Blind Students

- 1) Alluvial soil is found in which states of India?
- 2) Gir national Park is located in which state?
- 3) Tea is produced in which states of India.
- 4) Name, the main centres of cotton textile Industry.

⊖ ⊖ ⊖