

**CAREERS360**  
*A Career is a Life*

**MBSE HSLC  
SOCIAL STUDIES**

**SAMPLE PAPER-1**

**Mizoram Board**  
**Class X**  
**Social Science**  
**Sample Paper 1**

**Time allowed: 3 hours**

**Maximum Marks: 80**

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**General Instructions:**

1. The question paper consists of 44 questions.
  2. All questions are compulsory.
  3. Internal choices have been provided in some questions.
  4. Marks allocated to every question are indicated against it.
  5. Questions from serial number **1** to **24** are of **1** marks. Answers to these questions should not exceed 20-30 words.
  6. Questions from serial number **25** to **34** are of **2** marks. Answers of these questions should not exceed 50-60 words.
  7. Questions from serial number **35** to **39** are of **3** marks. Answers of these questions should not exceed 80-90 words.
  8. Questions from serial number **40** to **43** are of **4** marks each. Answers of these questions should not exceed 110-120 words.
  9. Question number **44** is a map based question. Mark all places neatly in the map provided to you.
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**Answer the following questions.**

1. What led to the print revolution? (1)
2. What do you mean by 'land use'? (1)
3. What is representative democracy? (1)
4. What is a multinational corporation? (1)
5. Who was proclaimed as the king of United Italy in 1861? (1)
6. If any damage is done to a consumer by a trader, under which consumer right one can move to consumer court to get compensation? (1)
7. What was the name of the fast spreading cattle plague that devastated Africa in the 1890s? (1)
8. Why are most of the poor households deprived from the formal sector of loans?(1)
9. Give one reason why democracy is a better form of government. (1)

- 10.** In which Indian state is the Buxa Tiger Reserve located? (1)
- 11.** Why has aluminium metal great importance? (1)
- 12.** Why did the upper classes in Britain prefer hand-made goods? (1)
- 13.** What are the components of a political party? (1)
- 14.** Name two sources of fresh water. (1)
- 15.** What are cash crops? (1)
- 16.** What is meant by Satyagraha? (1)
- 17.** What are mini steel plants? (1)
- 18.** What is a riverine port? (1)
- 19.** What makes the Satellite based communication system more reliable in case of large scale natural/manmade emergencies? (1)
- 20.** Which industry is known as the basic industry? (1)
- 21.** What has made China an attractive destination for foreign investments? (1)
- 22.** Which states has the highest road density in India? (1)
- 23.** Which statesman was the main architect of the process of the German unification? (1)
- 24.** Who led the Civil Disobedience Movement in Peshawar? (1)
- 25.** Why were the industrialists reluctant to introduce machines in the production process during Victorian era? (2)
- 26.** Explain any two factors responsible for the migration of indentured labour from India. (2)
- 27.** What is meant by the service sector? Explain. (2)
- 28.** State two measures taken by the government to increase the political participation of women in India. (2)
- 29.** What is Joint Forest Management? (2)
- 30.** Explain any two factors responsible for the migration of indentured labour from India. (2)

- 31.** Discuss any two advantages of wind energy. (2)
- 32.** Which are the most vulnerable homes during floods? (2)
- 33.** List out four members of the Disaster management Committee at the district level. (2)
- 34.** In which social class did the ideas of national unity find their base in Europe? When did it happen? (2)
- 35.** Explain the foundational challenge of democracy. (3)
- 36.** How has globalisation been advantageous to both the producers as well as the consumers in India? Explain. (3)
- 37.** Discuss the climatic conditions required for the cultivation of wheat and rice. Name two states each which lead in the production of rice and wheat. (3)
- 38.** If earlier there was a hearing public, now a reading public came into being. Explain the statement. (3)
- 39.** The First World War led to the development of the Indian industries. Do you agree? Give three reasons to prove your argument. (3)
- 40.** What strategies have been adopted by the recent government to expand formal sources of credit in India? (4)

**OR**

Why is cheap and affordable credit important for the country's development? Give three reasons. (4)

- 41.** How far do you agree that power sharing is the very spirit of democracy? (4)

**OR**

"Tyranny of the majority is not just oppressive to the minority but brings ruin to the majority as well." Justify. (4)

- 42.** Discuss any four characteristics of the red soil. (4)

**OR**

Discuss any four human activities which are mainly responsible for land degradation in India. (4)

- 43.** How did the 'Non-Cooperation Movement' spread in cities across the country? Explain its effects on the economic front. (4)

**OR**

Why did Gandhi decide to call off the Civil Disobedience Movement? Explain. (4)

**44.** On an outline map of India provided to you, mark the following:

(5)

- a. An area having mountain soil
- b. One major jute producing state
- c. A port in Odisha
- d. One major coal mining area
- e. Jamshedpur iron and steel plant